



**NYU**

**ROBERT F. WAGNER GRADUATE  
SCHOOL OF PUBLIC SERVICE**

## **PADM-GP 4148 / CUSP-GX 4148**

### **Large Scale Data Analysis II**

**Spring 2023**

#### **Course Information**

Large Scale Data Analysis II is a 1.5 unit course, taught in Spring 2023 (last seven weeks). Classes begin Tuesday March 21<sup>st</sup> and end Tuesday May 2<sup>nd</sup>.

#### **Course Schedule**

Tuesdays, 4:55-6:35pm (all times Eastern/NYC)  
19 West 4<sup>th</sup> Street, Room 102, Manhattan

#### **Instructor Information**

- Professor Daniel Neill
- Email: [daniel.neill@nyu.edu](mailto:daniel.neill@nyu.edu)
- In-person office hours: Tuesdays, 3:30-4:15pm, Wagner (295 Lafayette Street) #3039
- Virtual office hours: Fridays, 9:30-10:15am, remote via Zoom.

#### **Course Description**

The past decade has seen the increasing availability of very large scale data sets, arising from the rapid growth of transformative technologies such as the Internet and cellular telephones, along with the development of new and powerful computational methods to analyze such datasets. Such methods, developed in the closely related fields of machine learning, data mining, and artificial intelligence, provide a powerful set of tools for intelligent problem-solving and data driven policy analysis. These methods have the potential to dramatically improve the public welfare by guiding policy decisions and interventions, and their incorporation into intelligent information systems will improve public services in domains ranging from medicine and public health to law enforcement and security.

The LSDA course series will provide a basic introduction to large scale data analysis methods, focusing on four main problem paradigms (prediction, clustering, modeling, and detection). The

first course (LSDA I) will focus on prediction (both classification and regression) and clustering (identifying underlying group structure in data), while the second course (LSDA II) will focus on probabilistic modeling using Bayesian networks and on anomaly and pattern detection. LSDA I is a prerequisite for LSDA II, as a number of concepts from classification and clustering will be used in the Bayesian networks and anomaly detection modules, and students are expected to understand these without the need for extensive review.

In both LSDA I and LSDA II, students will learn how to translate policy questions into these paradigms, choose and apply the appropriate machine learning and data mining tools, and correctly interpret, evaluate, and apply the results for policy analysis and decision making. We will emphasize tools that can "scale up" to real-world policy problems involving reasoning in complex and uncertain environments, discovering new and useful patterns, and drawing inferences from large amounts of structured, high-dimensional, and multivariate data.

No previous knowledge of machine learning or data mining is required, and no knowledge of computer programming is required. We will be using Weka, a freely available and easy-to-use machine learning and data mining toolkit, to analyze data in this course.

## Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to:

1. Identify and distinguish between large scale data analysis methods, focusing on three main problem paradigms (prediction, modeling, and detection).
2. Translate policy questions into paradigms.
3. Choose and apply the appropriate artificial intelligence and machine learning tools, with an emphasis on Bayesian network modeling and on anomaly and pattern detection.
4. Interpret, evaluate, and apply the results for policy analysis and decision making

## Learning Assessment Table

Graded Assignment	Course Objective Covered
Participation	All
Problem Sets	#1, #3
Mini-Project	#2, #3, #4

## Relationship to Other Courses

As noted above, LSDA I is a prerequisite for LSDA II. Both LSDA I and LSDA II assume knowledge of basic probability and statistics, and thus CORE-GP.1011 (Statistical Methods for Public, Nonprofit, and Health Management) is a prerequisite for both courses. Other quantitative methods courses taught at the Wagner School, such as PADM-GP.2902 (Multiple Regression), PADM-GP.2875 (Estimating Impacts), and PADM-GP.2172 (Advanced Empirical Methods) emphasize linear models for regression, with a focus on causal inference (particularly,

estimation of causal effects). The LSDA course series focuses on a substantially different set of data analysis methods from machine learning and data mining rather than traditional statistics and econometrics, with an emphasis on predictive rather than causal inference, nonlinear and nonparametric models, and problem paradigms other than regression (including classification, clustering, modeling, and detection). We anticipate that many students in this class will already be well-trained in econometric methods (though this is not a prerequisite) and interested in broadening their set of methodological tools and corresponding applications in the public sector (for example, early warning systems for public health, predictive policing approaches, or data-driven discovery of best practices in health care). We encourage students coming from the economic/econometric perspective to read Einav and Levin's "[The data revolution and economic analysis](#)", or Hal Varian's "[Big data: new tricks for econometrics](#)" for additional motivation.

**For NYU CUSP students:** LSDA I and II (CUSP-GX 4147/4148) may be taken as a substitute for CUSP-GX 5003, Machine Learning for Cities (MLC). There is substantial overlap between these courses and at most one of the two should be counted for credit. LSDA differs from MLC in several respects: it is more broadly policy-focused, as opposed to cities-focused, it is more applied (and thus covers topics in somewhat less methodological detail), it does not assume any programming experience (or teach programming), and assignments are done using the Weka toolkit rather than Python programming. **MLC is recommended for most CUSP students, and is also available to Wagner students who possess the necessary programming background.**

## Course Materials

All announcements, resources (including lecture slides, datasets, and supplemental readings), and assignments will be delivered through the NYU Brightspace site. I may modify assignments, due dates, and other aspects of the course as we go through the term, with advance notice provided as soon as possible through the course website.

[Weka data mining software](#) is freely available and can be downloaded.

## Evaluation Method

Grades will be based on the following:

- Class participation: 5%
- Problem set 1 (Bayes Nets): 20%
- Problem set 2 (Anomaly Detection): 20%
- Mini-project checkpoint report: 15%
- Mini-project final report: 40%

The mini-projects will be done in groups of 3 students and will require the application of machine learning methods to real-world policy data. Each project team will be given a different

real-world dataset to analyze (teams and datasets will be assigned based on student preferences) and a sample set of open-ended questions to answer. We plan to give each team some flexibility to define their own project, enabling them to focus on policy questions which are most relevant to their own specific interests.

However, each mini-project should consist of the following components:

Define a relevant policy question to be answered using a dataset of your choice.

Frame the problem in terms of one of the ML paradigms discussed in this class. Discuss this problem framework in detail, justify your choice of a problem framework, and report on methods that have been used to solve the problem in past work.

Choose an appropriate solution method for the problem. Describe the solution method in detail, compare to related methods, and defend your choice of method.

Find, or develop, an appropriate software implementation of this method. We encourage you to use Weka, though it would also be acceptable to write your own code if desired.

Evaluate your method, discussing both quantitative performance results (e.g. cross-validation error) and qualitative consideration of the usefulness of the resulting models, explanations, etc. for the given domain.

Consider extensions and variations of the original method, or alternative methods, and examine/compare their effects on performance.

## **Cheating and Plagiarism Notice**

Mini-projects will be done in teams of 3 students; we encourage discussion among teams, but any work that is submitted for grading must be the work of your team alone. Problem sets must be done individually, i.e., any work that is submitted for grading must be the work of that student alone. Sanctions for cheating include lowering your grade including failing the course. In egregious instances, the instructor may recommend the termination of your enrollment at NYU.

## **Late Work Policy**

You are expected to turn in all work on time (at the start of class on the due date). Because we understand that exceptional circumstances may arise, each student will be permitted to turn in one assignment up to 48 hours late with no penalty. Any other late assignments will not be accepted.

NOTE: Assignments turned in more than five (5) minutes after class starts will be counted as "late" and treated according to the Late Work Policy above.

## Additional (School-Wide) Course Policies

Academic integrity is a vital component of Wagner and NYU. All students enrolled in this class are required to read and abide by [Wagner's Academic Code](#). All Wagner students have already read and signed the [Wagner Academic Oath](#). Plagiarism of any form will not be tolerated and students in this class are expected to report violations to me. If any student in this class is unsure about what is expected of you and how to abide by the academic code, you should consult with me.

[NYU's Calendar Policy on Religious Holidays](#) states that members of any religious group may, without penalty, absent themselves from classes when required in compliance with their religious obligations. Please notify me in advance of religious holidays that might coincide with exams to schedule mutually acceptable alternatives.

Academic accommodations are available for students with disabilities. Please visit the [Moses Center for Student Accessibility \(CSA\) website](#) and click on the Reasonable Accommodations and How to Register tab or call or email CSA at (212-998-4980 or [mosescsa@nyu.edu](mailto:mosescsa@nyu.edu)) for information. Students who are requesting academic accommodations are strongly advised to reach out to the Moses Center as early as possible in the semester for assistance.

## Course Outline

### Class 1 (3/21): Introduction to LSDA II

- Introduction (course syllabus and structure)
- Review of LSDA problem paradigms- prediction, clustering, modeling, and detection
- Bayesian classification
- The naïve Bayes assumption
- Naïve Bayes and logistic regression

### Class 2 (3/28): Bayesian Networks

- Bayes Nets: a tool for modeling the relationships between multiple variables
- Other uses of Bayes Nets (such as classification and anomaly detection)
- Efficient representation with Bayes Nets
- Building and interpreting Bayes Nets

### Class 3 (4/4): Bayesian Network Learning

- Inference with Bayes Nets
- Learning Bayes Net Parameters from Data
- Learning Bayes Net Structure from Data
- Bayesian Networks with Weka (examples on real-world policy data)

## Class 4 (4/11): Causal Inference with Bayesian Networks

\*\*\* Mini-project Checkpoint Report Due \*\*\*

- Causal structure learning with the PC algorithm
- Assumptions and comparison to econometric methods
- Extensions and variants
- Causal Orientation methods

## Class 5 (4/18): Anomaly and Pattern Detection Part 1

\*\*\* Bayesian Networks Problem Set Due \*\*\*

- Model-based anomaly detection
- Detecting anomalies using Bayesian networks
- Distance-based, cluster-based, and density-based anomaly detection
- Anomaly detection using Weka (examples on real-world policy data)

## Class 6 (4/25): Anomaly and Pattern Detection Part 2

\*\*\* Mini-project Final Report Due Friday 4/28 at 11:55 pm \*\*\*

- Detecting patterns of anomalies
- Spatial cluster detection
- Applications to disease surveillance

## Class 7 (5/2): Detection in Complex Datasets

\*\*\* Anomaly Detection Problem Set Due \*\*\*

**1st half of class:** Each student group will share the findings of their mini-project with the class. This will be short (4 minutes per group), informal (no slides), and ungraded. You can just summarize: 1) the problem your project addressed, 2) the dataset you used, 3) which techniques you used, and 4) main findings (any results that were particularly informative or surprising, or helped you learn something new about the problem domain?)

**2nd half of class:** Prof. Neill will describe some current directions in event and pattern detection, including (time permitting) his recent work in detecting disease outbreaks from free text Emergency Department data, diagnosing prostate cancer from digital pathology slides, and predicting civil unrest using Twitter data.